





























# THE SHAKOPEE ARGUS.

BY HENRY HINDS.

## DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
HORATIO SEYMOUR,  
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
FRANCIS P. BLAIR,  
OF MISSOURI.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,  
ANDREW G. CHAFFIELD, of Scott County,  
LATHAM DEARBORN, of Rice County,  
O. H. LINDA, of Ramsey County,  
W. W. FARRIS, of Goodhue County.

For Representative in Congress—1st Dist.  
GEORGE W. BACHELDER,  
of Rice County.

## COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY,  
HENRY HINDS.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,  
M. HESS DUNAND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,  
PETER CLEARY.

FOR SENATOR,  
CHARLES HARKENS.

## Scott County Democratic Committee.

LEWIS D. TEST, Third District, Chairman.  
JAMES KILPATRICK, First District.  
FARMER HANSEN, Second District.  
JOHN HOLLAND, Fourth District.  
J. A. RICH, Fifth District.  
Shakopee, Aug. 16, 1868.

## High Taxes, and for What?

While we are publishing the proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners and the Financial Statement of the expenses of the County, for the preceding year, we have but little room for comment or remarks concerning the same. But we feel that we must make room this week to call the attention of our readers to a few items which appeared in the financial statement and in the proceedings of the County Board, because some of these items will show the nature of the taxes in the County Treasury.

We refer to these items, not for the purpose of making a personal application to either of the gentlemen referred to—because there are many others similarly situated—but to show in part wherein there is a great increase in our county expenses, and to suggest that it is our opinion that the county commissioners are often too liberal in the use of the people's money.

The following items were allowed and ordered paid by the county commissioners at their last meeting, as published by us last week:

Frank McGrade, for going to St. Paul to have his Index book re-bound, six days, at \$3.00 a day, \$18.00. His traveling expenses, \$1.00, making \$19.00.

Mr. McGrade is Register of Deeds, and the book which he had bound was merely an index to part of the records in his office. It was an old book and needed to be re-bound, and he goes to St. Paul and takes this old book to have it re-bound, charges the county thirty-three dollars for his services in taking it there and bringing it back, when fifty cents paid to an express company would have done as well. Yet, strange as it may appear, the commissioners ordered this thirty-three dollars to be paid.

But we are told that Mr. McGrade acted upon the supposition that by law he must not let the records out of his charge; he has no such law, as he could have readily ascertained by consulting the Statutes with which the county have supplied his office. He is required to take a reasonable and proper care of his records. To do so, it was not necessary for him to spend five days to have the Index book re-bound, as it could have been sent by express to a responsible book-binder. But the fact is, he went to St. Paul, staid awhile and left the book there and came back without it, and then went down after it, and thus spent a week very pleasantly. The idea that he must keep this old book in his personal charge is all moonshine, or he would not have left it at St. Paul and then went back after it. We think Mr. McGrade would have been just as much entitled to pay, at five dollars a night, for a watchman, to sleep for him while he was watching the old book, for of course he watched it at night while it was in the book binder's press. While hundreds of thousands of dollars are considered safe in the charge of an express company, one old index certainly would be safe, particularly when it was lost, it could be made up again from the records of the office of Register of Deeds.

Joseph Niehoff and David Canthard, deputy sheriffs, for hunting up H. Robinson to St. Paul and Minneapolis, \$35.00. G. W. Gillenbeck, same, \$35.00; John Kluckhammer, same, \$15.00, making \$85.00.

Upon examining the records, we find that neither of these gentlemen was a deputy sheriff; but if he had been it would have made no difference. The facts are, a large reward had been offered for the arrest of that criminal, and hundreds of persons started in pursuit of him for the purpose of securing the rewards and arresting a villain. No warrant was ever issued from this County for his arrest, and our sheriff had no authority to send any one to hunt him up, and whoever went, voluntarily, and our county is no more liable to pay either of these gentlemen for their wild goose chase, than it would be to pay for either two or three hundred who went on the same business to get the same reward.

Last week we published one hundred and thirty-seven items of the financial statement. Thirty-three of these items consists of fees of witnesses, constables, and justices in criminal cases in Justice Court which had been paid for expenses. Twenty more of these items consists of fees in criminal

# SHAKOPEE WEEKLY ARGUS.

VOL. 7.

SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1868.

NO. 38.

cases in the District Court, which the county had to pay. When nearly one half of the items of expense arises in a criminal case where the defendant is discharged, there must be something wrong in the management of the criminal business. Twenty-two items of the one hundred and thirty-seven are for the pay of the county commissioners, and five of them, each of \$41.65, for the monthly pay of the County Attorney. Twenty-seven items are expenses of jurors, &c., of the District Court. Thus there is classified one hundred items of expense out of one hundred and thirty-seven items.

## A Whopper!

Some one (and it is understood to have been the Hon. Sordbæk MacDonald), published a letter in the St. Paul Pioneer last week, concerning the two Democratic tickets in this county. The writer says that the regular convention was composed of only thirty-three delegates out of eighty-one. This is a whopper for even a sordbæk to tell. The fact is the regular convention was organized with all the delegates present except three. Afterwards some delegates bolted; but still, when the regular County Auditor was nominated, there were fifty-seven votes polled, and there were several delegates present who did not vote. And the nomination of the County Auditor, Representative and Senator was made unanimous by the convention.

The writer of that letter, whoever he was, neglected to state that the bolters' ticket is composed wholly of the Court House clique of politicians. But what do the people of St. Paul care about the bolters' ticket? Why do they not publish his letters in the Argus, so that our voters can learn long and windy yarns?

## THE ITEMS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

—We publish this week another installment of the financial statement. The attention of our readers is particularly invited to the items of expenses which we now set before them. It will be seen that a large number of these items of expense—in fact by far the largest part of them—consist of the expenses of officers and witnesses in criminal suits, and expenses in the District Court. The same remark appears to that portion of the financial statement, which we published last week, and will publish the other third next week, and the financial tables the week following.

## That Spiritually Daily, the St. Paul Dispatch.

has been enlarged to a seven column paper and greatly improved. This tokens success and prosperity in their enterprise.

## The St. Cloud Journal is about to commence the publication of an original story from the pen of Jane G. Swishelm.

The title is "Margaret Melvin," and the plot is laid in New England. The story will run through some six or eight months of the Journal.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

—OF—  
SCOTT COUNTY,  
FROM—  
March 1st, 1867, to February  
28th, 1868, Inclusive.

(Continued from last week.)

Date. To whom issued. Nature of item. Amt.

July 21. St. Paul Pioneer printing company, per-  
sonal assessment roll, 4.80

St. Paul Press printing company, per-  
sonal assessment roll, 2.00

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# THE SHAKOPEE ARGUS.

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FOR PRESIDENT,  
HORATIO SEYMOUR,  
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
FRANCIS P. BLAIR,  
OF MISSOURI.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.  
ANDREW G. CHATFIELD, of Scott County;  
LORRAINE DEANSON, of Rice County;  
C. H. LEXAR, of Ramsey County;  
W. W. FARRIS, of Goodhue County.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS—1st Dist.  
GEORGE W. BATCHELDER,  
OF RICE COUNTY.

## COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY,  
HENRY HINDS.

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PETER CLEARY.

FOR SENATOR,  
CHARLES HARKENS.

## Scott County Democratic Committee.

JAMES D. DEER, Third District, Chairman.  
JAMES KIRKPATRICK, First District.  
JAMES KIRKPATRICK, Second District.  
JOHN HARRISON, Third District.  
J. J. HARRISON, Fourth District.

ONLY \$40.00!

We take the following item of forty dollars, from the official proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners, at their late meeting, as published by us two weeks ago:

"Noel Johnsonville was allowed the sum of forty dollars partial relief in enable him to leave here and settle upon a homestead, the money not to be delivered to him until he is leaving, not to return to the charge of this county."

We have several times had occasion to refer to this system of partial relief, as a matter of gross partiality and fraud upon the tax-payers of this county. This Noel Johnsonville lives on First street in Shakopee, and the next door to the Chairman of the County Board, who is presumed to know what his circumstances and necessity for charity are.

An attachment against the property of this Noel Johnsonville, in favor of one of his creditors, was issued a few days ago, and it was returned satisfied in full after leaving him a year's supply of provisions. Indeed it appears that at the very time our county commissioners voted to tax our people forty dollars for the benefit of this man, that he had a crop of over one hundred and fifty bushels of corn and more than one hundred bushels of potatoes, enough to feed his family for two years. We again say we think our county commissioners are frequently too liberal in the use of the money of our tax-paying people. We do not suppose they intend any wrong application of the public money, but in this instance it would seem to us that they acted too hastily and without sufficient information concerning the circumstances of this man, for we do not suppose the commissioners intend to give forty dollars to every man who has only one hundred bushels of potatoes and only one hundred and fifty bushels of corn.

The election for State officers on Tuesday in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Indiana, went Republican by small majorities. The Republicans, however, have lost some six or eight Congressmen. The vote was very large, showing that the Republicans had been very active in bringing out their voters. Let the Democrats be as active at the presidential election, and the victory may be their's yet.

The Republican have put C. C. Andrews in nomination in the Second Congressional District, against Donnelly, in order to secure the election of Mr. Wilson, the Democratic nominee, and we are inclined to believe they will succeed in their object.

JORDAN.

One day last week we paid a business visit to the thriving and prosperous town of Jordan. There is no town in the Minnesota Valley that has grown faster within the last two years than Jordan. Indeed we found the good people of Jordan possessed of all the elements of an independent village. They can boast of two first class flouring mills, each capable of turning out one hundred barrels of flour a day. They have large and extensive stores, well filled with a great variety of dry goods, fully equal to the wants of a large population. They have separate stores exclusively devoted to a separate business. Thus they have stores well stocked with groceries and provisions, others with drugs and medicines; numerous boot and shoe stores, blacksmith shops, carpenter shops, furniture factories, wagon and plow factories, one steam saw mill, two breweries, two churches and school houses. And we found at least one good hotel, well kept, where the weary traveler can find rest.

We hope some of our readers at Jordan will furnish us with the items of business transacted, the names of the business houses, with the increase in size and population, together with other items of information, and we will be glad to give a more extended notice of Jordan and its growth and business.

D. M. Storer, at the City Grocery Store, keeps a constant supply of the best groceries and provisions to be found in the State.

# SHAKOPEE WEEKLY ARGUS.

VOL. 7. SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1868. NO. 39.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SCOTT COUNTY.

From March 1st, 1867, to February 29th, 1868, inclusive.

(Continued from last week.)

No. 224. Thomas Terry, extra services as County Commissioner, and mileage, \$10.00

No. 225. Thomas Terry, extra services as County Commissioner, and mileage, \$10.00

No. 226. Thomas Terry, extra services as County Commissioner, and mileage, \$10.00

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No. 295. Thomas Terry, extra services as County Commissioner, and mileage, \$10.00

## County School Fund Account, Cr.

By Fine Account to March 1st, 1868, \$100.00

By School Tax to March 1st, 1868, 20.00

Total collections of School Fund, \$120.00

By School Fund to March 1st, 1868, 120.00

Total collections of School Fund, \$120.00

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## County Sinking Fund Account.

By Fine Account to March 1st, 1868, \$100.00

By School Tax to March 1st, 1868, 20.00

Total collections of Sinking Fund, \$120.00

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# THE SHAKOPEE ARGUS.

BY HENRY HINDS.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
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OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
FRANCIS P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

ANDREW G. CHATFIELD, of Scott County.

LUTHER D. CHATFIELD, of Rice County.

C. H. LINCOLN, of Ramsey County.

W. W. FARRAR, of Goodhue County.

For Representative in Congress—1st Dist.

GEORGE W. BATCHELDER,

Of Rice County.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY,  
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FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,  
M. HESS DUNAND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,  
PETER CLEARY.

FOR SENATOR,  
CHARLES HARKENS.

Scott County Democratic Committee.

JAMES D. DENT, Third District, Chairman.

JAMES KILPATRICK, First District.

JOHN HARKENS, Fourth District.

J. J. HARKENS, Chairman.

ONLY \$40.00!

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## GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

### Washington News.

Receipts of fractional currency for the week ending October 3, \$710,500; ships, \$733,189; destroyed, \$236,360. National Bank currency issued \$65,690.

The following is the statement of the Public Debt of the United States on the first of October:

Debt bearing interest.....	\$2,104,154,300.00
Debt not bearing interest.....	88,481,900.00
Total.....	\$2,192,636,200.00
Debt not bearing interest.....	13,440,253.64
Debt bearing interest.....	49,110,057.17
Six per cent. loan money bonds issued to Pacific Railroad Companies.....	30,634,000.00
Total.....	\$3,644,901,560.81

Amount in Treasury..... \$26,891,847.10  
Debt less cash in Treasury..... 2,358,645,713.59

Total..... \$10,537,841.56

The Spanish Minister at Washington will continue to be recognized until the Spanish Government itself shall otherwise determine.

A Washington telegram of the 7th says: "The published statements that, owing to the revolution in Spain, this Government is interested in itself about the purchase of Cuba are altogether untrue. The subject has not been mentioned in Cabinet, nor has the Secretary of State expressed any views upon it."

It was rumored in Washington on the 9th that Reverdy Johnson had signed a naturalization treaty with Great Britain.

### Foreign Intelligence.

The rumor was current in London on the 4th that the success of the revolution in Spain has had the effect to induce France to make some important concessions to Italy.

Queen Isabella has issued a protest against the revolution in Spain. The document argues that the force used by the rebels to depose the Queen does not injure her rights to the throne, and declares the acts of a Junta, established by violence, are not binding on the people.

The news from Madrid on the 5th is to the effect that Madoz has resigned the Presidency of the Junta, and Aguirre succeeds him. Aguirre has appointed Serrano General-in-Chief of the army.

Later intelligence from South America informs us that in Ecuador about 40,000 lives were lost by the recent earthquake. From the same cause the water along the Peruvian coast has decreased eight fathoms in depth.

General Prim arrived in Madrid on the 5th, and was enthusiastically received. The Provisional Junta has requested Marshal Serrano to take charge of affairs until the meeting of the Cortes, and he has consented to do so.

Madrid and Olanogao, his colleagues. A Madrid dispatch of the 6th says the daily beating more evident that the great majority of the people are in favor of a republican form of government for Spain.

Advices have been received from Mexico to September 23d. In a message to Congress, President Juarez congratulates the nation on the failure of the recent rebellions, except in the still unsettled State of Tamaulipas. He hopes that Congress will pass laws to favor commerce, and thereby improve the revenues. He presents the picture of Mexico, at present as brilliant and cheerful.

News from Madrid, October 7th, is to the effect that the Provisional Government has been organized by Serrano, and Prim has been made Honorary President, and Aguirre, Acting President; Ribero and Vigo Amador, Vice Presidents, and Figuerola, Minister of Finance.

Advices from Cuba state that the Emperor has opened the port of Chifan, on the Gulf of Pechale, to foreign trade.

An explosion occurred at Barnsey, England, on the 7th, in a building used for the manufacture of fireworks. The building was utterly destroyed. Five dead bodies were taken from the ruins. Seven persons were badly injured.

A Madrid dispatch of the 9th says the Provisional Junta have made a declaration in favor of civil and religious liberty. It was received with enthusiasm, and an extensive popular demonstration was made in Madrid, speeches in favor of religious toleration. Cubans in Madrid demand that their island be represented at the deliberations of the Provisional Junta.

The South American Allies claim to have defeated Lopez, on August 28th, and to have driven him to the Ascension river, where the Brazilian gunboats will harass his position.

The Republics of the Essex, Mass., District who are opposed to the re-election of Gen. Butler to Congress, have nominated Richard A. Dana, Jr., who has accepted.

A story was circulated at the gold-room in New York city, on the 6th, that the Government is in treaty for the purchase of Cuba.

The international cricket match, played in Philadelphia, between the English Eleven and Twenty-two of Philadelphia, terminated in favor of the Englishmen, on the 6th, with two wickets to spare.

On the 6th, the Atlantic, of Brooklyn, N. Y., defeated the Union, of Morrisania, N. Y., by a score of 24 to 8.

The propeller Perseverance, of the Welland Railway line, was burned on Lake Ontario, off Putneyville, on the 6th, and fourteen of her nineteen passengers were lost.

The case of the United States vs. Commissioner Rollins and others, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government, terminated in New York city, on the 7th, in the discharge of the defendants.

A man who registered himself at the Exchange Hotel, in Albany, N. Y., on the 25th of August, as O. D. Davis, of Ohio, was found dead in his bed on the morning of the 7th inst. It was supposed he first took poison and then shot himself in the head.

A boat containing twenty ladies and three gentlemen collided near Yonkers, N. Y., on the 6th, and Miss Alice Hinman was drowned. The others were rescued.

Horace Greeley has been nominated for Congress from the Fifth New York Congressional District.

Howell Cobb, of Georgia, formerly Secretary of the Treasury under Buchanan, died on the morning of the 9th, in the corridor of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York city.

The Vermont Legislature commenced its annual session on the 9th. Hon. G.

### W. Grandy was chosen Speaker of the House.

Weston accomplished his task of walking 100 miles in twenty-two and a half hours, at White Plains, Westchester county, N. Y., on the 8th inst., finishing the distance in eleven minutes less than his time.

### The South.

The Georgia Legislature adjourned sine die on the 6th inst.

The Governor of Alabama has signed the Registering bill, which was passed by the Legislature. Both houses have passed bills providing for an election.

The Alabama Legislature on the 9th adopted resolutions to adjourn on the 10th, and to re-assemble on the 2d of November.

### The West.

Late Arizona advises state that owing to a withdrawal of a portion of the military forces from Southern Arizona, some time have expired, the Indians are daily becoming more bold and successful.

Within a few months thirty persons have been killed and \$50,000 worth of property destroyed by the savages in Pima County alone.

On the 5th inst., the corner-stone of the Illinois State Capitol was laid in Springfield, with imposing ceremonies. The city was densely crowded with strangers. The Masonic fraternity were very numerous.

The Kiowas and Comanches have united with the Cheyennes and Arapahoes in hostilities against the whites on Arkansas river.

The Masonic Grand Lodge of Illinois, in session in Springfield, on the 7th, elected the following officers for the ensuing term: Grand Master, H. G. Reynolds, of Springfield; Deputy Grand Master, D. C. Greiger, of Chicago; Senior Grand Warden, James Hawley, of Chicago; Grand Junior Warden, Geo. E. Lonsberry, of Mound City; Treasurer, Harrison Dills, of Quincy; Grand Secretary, O. H. Miner, of Springfield; Grand Chaplain, D. P. Bunn, of Decatur.

The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars of the State of Ohio, met in convocation in Toledo on the 7th. Over five hundred delegates from all parts of the State were present. The order now has a membership of 35,000, being an increase of 10,000 over last year. Chillicothe was selected as the place for holding the next annual session.

General Sherman has called for more troops in order to subdue the hostile Indians.

Arizona advises October 3 state that a party of teamsters attacked a party of friendly Apache Mojave Indians, near Saposa, and killed fifteen, including Cash-cockana, head chief of the tribe. It was thought this outrage might inaugurate another war with the Mojave Indians.

### POLITICAL ITEMS.

Every Federal office-holder who has been robbing the Treasury supports Grant.

Every person who urges that the laboring men of the North shall support negroes in idleness is a Radical.

The statement of the public debt for October (\$2,644,901,560.81), as compared with the September statement (\$2,643,285,051.01), shows an actual increase of \$1,616,509.80.

The Radicals, failing to answer the facts and statistics given by Mr. Delmar, are now trying to laugh them down. The enormous expenditures of the Government and the heavy taxation is no laughing matter for the people.

Three of the nine electors on the Grant ticket in Georgia have withdrawn from the party and openly declared for Seymour and Blair. They are Aaron Wilbur, of the First, E. R. Harden, of the Second, and W. W. Boyd, of the Eleventh District.

Hon. William B. Ogden, Francis A. Hoffman, Jr., ex-Alderman George Heinrich, Charles Richerke, Esq., George Robinson, Esq., of Blue Island, and more than 2,000 others in this county (Cook), who supported Lincoln in 1864, are now actively supporting Seymour and Blair—Chicago Times.

A negro exporter in Opelousas, La., the other Sunday, told his congregation that what they lacked in guns they could make up in matches, adding: "They are cheap, five cents a box, and those who can't shoot can burn." Send more troops to protect these lands.

A negro tax-collector down South called on a white man for his taxes. Says he, "Mr. Smith, this is de soon time I call on you for de taxes. How de debil if you yone we called people want to lib if you white people don't pay your taxes? De President's Booro—black folks—dat's not sufficient. White folks, why don't you pay up?"

Here is the reason why Joe Brown, the original secessionist in Georgia and the originator of the Andersonville prison, gives for opposing the Democratic party: "The masses of the Democracy came down by hundreds of thousands, with guns in their hands; and, without their aid against us, we (the rebels) would not have been subdued."

The Radicals have nearly gone frantic over Delmar's exposure of the condition of the national finances. They have set about in a manner of false reports in vain attempts to answer them. They have appealed to McCulloch and Wells to answer them, but no answer is forthcoming. In fact, none can be made to Delmar's plain statements of figures and facts.

—New York Times.

The Evening Post states that General Butler "represents no cause, no principles, no policy but the absolute policy of vengeance," and therefore should be defeated for the same reason. Butler, by the Post's own showing, represents the principles and policy of the Republican party. Its only principles and policy are those of "vengeance."

If the interests of the country demand the defeat of Butler, it is likewise essential that the Radical party should be defeated.—New York Citizen.

—Now that they have had their spree over Maine, and nothing can be gained by keeping up the delusion, the Radical leaders are beginning to undecieve their dupes as to the Maine victory. Says the New York Tribune: "If our vote should fall off like that of Maine, eight per cent.

of the total vote of 1866, we would lose New York by 43,713 majority. Therefore, we must do six per cent. better than Maine, compared with 1866, or we lose the State."

—The Southern Christian Advocate recites the horrible details of the murder of a white woman, *enroute*, by a negro burglar. The frightful tragedy was enacted at Orange Springs, Florida. The poor woman, after she was shot by the black fiend, was beaten with the gun until her features could no longer be recognized. Her body was then taken to a double casket; the violation of the woman, her murder, and that of her already living but unborn child. Gen. Howard says he is delighted with the progress of the negroes.

—Is ours a republican government, or is it not? Did the "experiment of war" fail to restore the Union; or did it succeed in restoring it? Perhaps the subjoined announcement may assist some honest Republican to furnish the answer:

"Gen. Reynolds, commanding the Department of Texas, has issued an order closing with the words: 'No election for Electors of President and Vice President of the United States will be held in the State of Texas on the third day of November next, and no election, proceeding, or act for such purpose, shall be permitted; and all citizens are admonished to remain at home or attend to their ordinary business on that day.'"

—Here is what the *Chicago Post*, a leading Radical organ of the Northwest, says of our Irish citizens:

"He is a born savage; as brutal a ruffian as an untamed Indian of the North American tribes. Of course he can't read. He can't write. All books to him are sealed. He only believes in the sword; his priest is only a little less barbarian than he. 'Be Jesus, I'm a Dimmer' is his shibboleth. Breaking heads for opinion's sake is his practice. The horn of the devil of the two ladies who got in a Wall street fight, and with the innocent victim of the statecraft of England, and of the priestcraft of Rome—a wronged, abused, and pitiful spectacle of a man capable of better things, pushed straight to hell by that abomination against common sense called Catholicism, would be an insult to the latter."

Delmar's Letter.

EVERY voter in the country ought to read the startling exposure of our financial situation, made by Hon. Alex. Delmar, Director of the Bureau of Statistics in the Treasury Department. The Jacobins have lately published a notice, in certain statements made by one Atkinson, of Boston, said to rest on the authority of Hon. David Wells, Commissioner of Revenue, regarding the amount of the Federal revenue, which has been expended since the commencement of the war, and which, showing the enormity of the charges of corruption and extravagance.

There is no controversy as to the amount of revenue the Jacobins say has been expended. The statement of the public debt received from customs duties to a current amount, the standard of the Federal taxes something more than \$1,700,000,000 since the 1st of April, 1865.

Atkinson says that \$800,000,000—\$1,500,000,000—he is not exactly positive as to the amount of the revenue, but he will cheerfully let the Jacobins have all the advantage that he can derive from Atkinson's figures, and say nothing about the enormous discrepancy as to the reduction of the debt by the payment of \$800,000,000 or \$1,500,000,000.

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Punctual to the time appointed, back came the lady, and with her a gentleman, whom she introduced into a room already prepared for her reception, and at once left the asylum. An hour had not elapsed before the new patient called at the top of his voice for the jewels he had brought with him. The doctor was sent for, and as the supposed sick man seemed much excited, a straight waistcoat was prescribed.

Now this unhappy gentleman was no other than the clerk of one of the wealthiest jewellers in London, who had been victimized by a clever adventurer. The woman, whose bearing and elegant manners had impressed upon the merchant, had selected some diamonds of great value and requested them to be sent home for her, and the bill was to be paid. The carriage was standing at the door, and the unfortunate clerk got in, little thinking that he was to be taken to a mad-house. It was not until late next day that he managed to make his identity known and recover his liberty; the police were immediately sent for, and he was taken on the track of the ingenious thief.

—The Louvre Journal denies the report that George D. Prentice is poor, or that he has been discharged from the editorial staff of that paper.

—Gen. Lee gets a salary of \$3,000 a year as President of Washington College, Va. Curtis Lee, a son of the General, is a professor at the Lexington Institute, at a salary of \$1,500.

—Mrs. Anne Stout, daughter of Francis Hopkinson, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, and sister of the well-known Judge, died a few days ago in Bordentown, N. J., at an advanced age.

—Sam. Sinclair is a millionaire. He began on the New York Tribune twenty-five years ago as man-of-all-work about the counting-room, and now, as publisher and principal stockholder, works quite as hard and just as modestly as ever.

—The incessant man in New York advertisements in the Herald, inquiring if "the hotel of the two ladies who got in a Wall street fight," will do so and so. Of course she won't, since each lady will insist that the advertiser refers to the other one.

—Olive Logan has expressed in the Sun her views on the "wickedest man" question. She thinks Allen, Corcoran, and looks like Beecher, and adds that a man who is lumbugging his brethren cannot cry as naturally as John Allen does.

### Incidents and Accidents.

—The lightning in Georgia recently shaved a man's head clean of hair.

—An unlucky contractor broke a \$1,200 pane of glass in A. T. Stewart's store at New York, the other day.

—Two children were burned to death in Charleston, S. C., on the 3d inst., by their young brother upsetting upon them a fluid lamp.

—A Hoboken sportsman sighted a flock of geese from the deck of his house, and, closing his eyes, pulled the trigger, and winged a young girl in the convent.

—Some half a dozen girls in a convent in Cincinnati, who were engaged in the other night. One broke her ankle in making a long jump, and was caught.

—A crazy negro recently broke all the large cups on the telegraph poles, two miles between the town of Louisiana and Frankford, Mo., and tore up all the bridges as he went along.

—In the recent examination of an old clock belonging to the late Joseph Robinson, of Beverly, Mass., about one thousand dollars were found, seven hundred of which were in gold.

—A freight engine on the Lawrence Railroad exploded near Youngstown, Ohio, on the 3d inst., killing Miller, the engineer, and Hurd, the fireman, and Seafert, a brakeman, were killed. The train was badly wrecked.

—Perry Potter, of Syracuse, who wanted to get rid of a horned nest over his barn door, made a swab, soaked it in kerosene, set it on fire and thrust it up the chimney. He got rid of the horns—and his barn, too.

—Knoxville, Tenn., and vicinity have recently been visited by a violent and destructive cyclone, which has done much damage to the city, and miles of fencing blown down in the country.

—While Mr. Condon, of Belfast, Me., was towing ashore a horse mackerel, a few days ago, the fish brought his tail down upon the boat with such force as to take off all the fingers of Mr. Condon's hand, which happened to rest on the gunwale.

—San Francisco's latest development is the following: A woman out of the head of her child, then cut her own throat, and while bleeding to death endeavored to strangle her child. She was taken to the hospital, and her husband for committing the deed. She recovered and told the truth.

—A young girl, after receiving the attentions of a young man for several months, abruptly asked him when he intended to marry her. The young man said he was not on the marry. She then broke a tea pot filled with boiling water over his head.

—A young girl, named Durremie A. Bunnell, was accidentally shot dead by her brother, Charles Henry Bunnell, at Pompey, the other evening. The brother playfully pointed his pistol at a kitten she was holding in her arms, and it pulled the trigger, not knowing the weapon was loaded.

—A remarkable incident occurred in connection with the burning of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser office, a few days ago. The money was taken from the safe and drawers by three or four different clerks of the establishment—one taking a handful of bills, another a heap of fractional currency, another a handful of pennies, etc.—but, when the money was counted it was found that the cash book balanced to a cent.

—Recently some workmen in the repairs of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, at Louisville, were engaged in repairing the end of an old box or freight car, when one of them discovered a "rats nest" in the chiming of the car. Upon stirring up the nest, he discovered and pocketed five \$100 bills, three of which were interest-bearing notes. It was rather a costly bed for rats, and they had evidently been living high at somebody's expense, for the most of it was mutilated to some extent.

—During a severe storm which recently passed over Morgantown, Butler county, Ky., a young lady was standing at the window of her residence, when suddenly a flash of lightning passed through the window, severely shocking the lady, but otherwise doing no damage. Upon investigation, it was ascertained the likeness or photograph of a beautiful alumnus tree, which stood in the immediate front of the window, the electric flash, had been impressed upon the bosom of the young lady, where it still remains plainly visible with all the indelibility of the natural flesh.

—The Greenian head has received the name of the fashionable double up.

—The latest Kentucky curiosity is a human head imbedded in the trunk of a tree with 400 years' growth outside.

—An election bet in San Francisco compels the loser to ride through the principal streets of the city mounted on a jackass, facing the tail, with a negro leading.

—A few nights since burglars in San Francisco worked hard and finally succeeded in bursting open a safe, only to find a chunk of cold meat. The safe was used as a refrigerator.

—An old covered flume in the cotton mill at Middleborough Four Corners (Mass.) was recently opened, and 1,040 skeletons were found in it averaging two pounds each.

—In Peoria, Illinois, on the 3d inst., Mrs. Cullen upbraided her husband for returning home drunk. He told her to spare her complaints, then went into the yard and strangled himself.

—An observant sexton says that the remains of those who are buried with flowers in the coffin invariably decay sooner than the bodies of those who are buried without them.

## CLIPPINGS AND DRIPPINGS.

### Personal and Literary.

—Mrs. Lincoln has sailed for Europe.

—A lady in New York lately sold her blonde hair for \$75.

—Lady Franklin, now nearly 80 years of age, has returned from Asia and is staying in France.

—Private advices from Thurlow Weed say he is rapidly regaining bodily strength in Europe.

—Lydia Becker is the leading spirit in the woman's rights movement in England.

—There are four Canadian families, with forty-eight children, in one house, in Wilton, Me.

—The statue of Alexander Hamilton, intended to be set up in the Capitol, has been shipped from Rome.

—Alex. T. Stewart is not an eight-hour man. He works about fourteen hours, and gets about \$10,000 a day.











The Shakopee Argus.

Thursday, October 15th, 1885.

SHAKOPEE MARKET.

Wheat—per bushel	\$ 80 @ 90
Corn—per bushel	35 @ 40
Flour—per sack	100 @ 120
Barley—per bushel	25 @ 30
Lard—per cask	22 1/2
Ditto—per cask	25 @ 30
Potatoes—per bushel	25 @ 30
Corn—per bushel	35 @ 40

A joint discussion will take place on the 26th of October at Shakopee, between the two candidates for Congress in this District. We hope a good attendance of the members of both parties will greet them. As yet, there has been no political discussion had in this country, and very little political talk has been indulged in by our people. It ought therefore to seem good to have one political meeting during a presidential campaign.

On Monday last the cars on the Valley Railroad commenced running through to Mankato, and will hereafter make regular trips. By reference to the time-table of the Valley road which we publish, it will be seen that the time for the cars to arrive at and leave Shakopee, has been changed.

Do not fail to see BEER'S SELECT SOUVENIR, the best troupe of that kind now traveling. Mr. BEER pledges himself that nothing will be said or done to call blush on the face of the most fastidious. Come one come all, and don't fail to see a good performance.

Remember, tonight at Ben. Endreus' Hall.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—Mrs. SARAH A. SHEPARD, of Rockford, Illinois, will address the citizens of Shakopee on the subject of Temperance, at the Good Templar's Hall, on Saturday evening, October 17th. Come one, come all. Admittance free. Lecture to commence at 7 o'clock, P. M.

J. S. ALDRITT, H. LYONS, Wm. WILSON, Committee of Arrangements.

It appears that when the parties alighted last week, went in pursuit of Horatio Robinson, a warrant had been issued in this country. It also appears that at the time they went in pursuit, no reward had been offered for his arrest.

SEWING MACHINES. Notice is hereby given that I am Agent for the sale of SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. I will sell these Machines at Manufacturer prices. See notice at Schwartz's Clothing Store, Shakopee.

JOHN SCHWARTZ.

We invite the attention of our readers to the new advertisement which we publish this week of Joseph Thornton, at Spring Lake—Maple Glen postoffice. It will be seen he keeps a good supply of dry goods, boots and shoes and groceries, and he will sell them as cheap as the same quality of goods can be purchased anywhere else.

The Rev. Thomas Day has been placed in charge of the M. E. Church at Shakopee for the ensuing year. The Rev. C. G. Bowdish has been transferred to the church at Newport.

FARMERS, TAKE NOTICE! J. A. Wilder & Co. have leased the Eagle Creek Mill, and will, on and after the 1st of August, run as a Grist Mill. We intend to do the BEST of work and guarantee perfect satisfaction, as to quantity and quality of work.

Dated August 11th, 1885. J. A. WILDER & CO.

We are informed that the State Board of Equalization of Taxes have increased the assessment of all lands, buildings and town lots sixty per cent over the rates established by our assessors and county board of equalization. We shall refer to this matter at some future time.

The sale of school lands in this county on Monday was quite a slim affair. Only three forty acre tracts and one ten acre tract were sold. The ten acre tract was situated in Marysvale and was purchased by Peter Thilo for fifteen dollars and an acre. Two forty acre tracts were situated in Cedar Lake, and they all sold for five dollars an acre. There was but one bidder for each tract. This land sold at the price at which it was appraised.

CONSTITUTIONAL DIFFERENCES. There are many constitutions so inherently defective in energy as to derive great benefit from a moderate dose of pure liquor combined with such vegetable matter as enters into the composition of Robert's Stomach Bitters, and there are many constitutions in which even the healthiest diet adds additional security from their occasional use.

If healthy persons are exposed to annual and continued exertion in confined air, or under the heat of the sun, or the influence of depressing weather conditions by traveling, and chance of diet and water, or residence in marshy districts or the rank river bottoms of the West and South, there can be no doubt but that a careful use of Robert's Stomach Bitters with the food would surely be the means of warding off actual disease and enabling them to bear up unaffected where, without the Bitters, they would likely have succumbed to disease. They strengthen, tone and invigorate, aid digestion and increase the appetite.

T. J. Duffy is selling off his stock of stoves and hardware at cost. We suppose he has got rich out of his trade and wishes to retire and enjoy the comforts of an easy fortune.

Edward O'Donnell announces himself as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Scott County, subject to the consideration of the qualified electors of Scott County.

October 11, 1885.

The best prints are sold at 12 cents per yard, at Geyermann's. \$5,000 worth of ready-made clothing—being the largest stock ever opened in Shakopee—just received and for sale cheaper than the cheapest.

Geyermann's. An immense stock of White Cotton Goods, consisting of all kinds and varieties; Woolen Blankets, Ladies' Dress Goods, Shirts, Hosiery, and Nubia. For sale cheaper than any other in Shakopee.

Call and examine my stock, at Lewis Street, Shakopee, and thereby you will serve your own interest.

PETER GREYMAN.

NOTICE TO TOWN AND SCHOOL DISTRICT CLERKS.

The Clerks of the several town and school districts of the County are hereby notified of their duty, to make their report to the County Auditor, of the amount of taxes voted in their respective towns and school districts, to be levied for the year 1885. The returns are not made in proper time, the taxes can not be levied. Notice is also given that the County Auditor has a supply of School Directories, which the Clerks of School Districts can get by calling on them.

M. H. DENNIS, M. H. DENNIS.

See advertisement of J. E. Spencer, in this issue.

MARRIED.

On Saturday, Oct. 10th, 1885, at the National Hotel, Shakopee, the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Thomas Day, of the M. E. Church, ALPHRUS F. BARRITT, of the firm of Brown & Barrett, hereinafter the "National," to MELISSA O. BROWN, daughter of David Brown, Esq.

WANTED.—A man teacher to teach school 3 months, (in School District No. Six, Scott County, Minn.) to commence the first of November next. Apply to Wm. Dean, Martin Michels, or Chris. Coulthard, Trustees for said District.

Oct. 15, 1885.

To whom it may Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned will apply to the Probate Court of Scott County, at its session, for the vacation of the Town Plat of Belle Pointe, in said county.

Dated Oct. 15th, 1885. JOHN WILSON, Proprietor.

TAKEN UP.

On my premises in Shakopee, an estray cow and young CALF, pastured for some time, and the owner of said calf, or his agent, can take her away, by complying with the following conditions:

THE LEAVITT SEWING MACHINE.

Is the latest improved and BEST Sewing Machine in use. I am Agent for these Sewing Machines, and will sell them at the Manufacturer's prices, at any time.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER.

AXEL JORGENSEN.

Shakopee, Aug. 12th, 1885.

M. MAYER, Conveyancer.

CLERK OF THE DIST. COURT.

Office at the Court House, Shakopee.

Will make Deeds and Mortgages, and all Legal papers. Will pay taxes and sell Real Estate on commission, &c. 52 1/2

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Take notice, that all persons who are indebted to me must settle their accounts and make payment before the 15th day of October. All debts due me and remaining unpaid at that time will be placed with a Lawyer for collection.

Dated Sept. 16, 1885. T. J. DUFFY.

IN PROBATE COURT.—Scott County.

State of Minnesota.—In the Matter of the Estate of Anton Mitchell, deceased. On and after the 1st day of October, 1885, the amount of debts outstanding against the said Anton Mitchell, deceased, and the amount of debts due to him, shall be paid to the undersigned, who is the executor of the said estate, at his office, in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

At the Probate Office of said County, on the 1st day of October, 1885, the undersigned, J. A. Wilder & Co., have caused to be published in the "Shakopee Argus," a weekly newspaper published at Shakopee, Minn., a notice to the creditors of the said Anton Mitchell, deceased, to present their claims against the said estate, within the time therein specified.

Attest: J. A. WILDER & CO., Attorneys.

Dated at Shakopee the 11th day of September, A.D. 1885.

By the Court, L. H. HAWKINS, Judge of Probate.

"The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."

MORTON'S GOLD PENS.

DO NOT WEAR OUT.

A SINGLE ONE WILL LAST A LIFETIME.

BY THEIR USE THE LABOR OF WRITING IS REDUCED.

Greater Uniformity is Obtained. Ease, Elegance and Beauty are acquired. ECONOMY, PLEASURE and PROFIT CONSULTED. The Best, Cheapest and most Durable Instruments for Writing ever used.

SENT BY MAIL SAFELY. Price, Fifty Cents and upward.

NO TRAVELING AGENTS EMPLOYED. Call and you will find them exactly adapted to your hand and style of writing or enclose stamp for circular.

A. MORTON, 25 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

AS AN APERIENT.

There is no medicine so much in favor with those who are afflicted with indigestion as Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS.

As a remedy to soothe all nervous excitement, and to induce sweet and refreshing sleep, there is no medicine so much in favor with those who are afflicted with indigestion as Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

ERYSIPELAS.

Or, St. Anthony's Fire, can be most effectively treated by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

OPHTHALMIA.

Or, Inflammation of the Eyes, not infrequently arises from a disordered state of the stomach. It is very apt to be cured by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD PURE.

There are no remedies now before the public so well calculated to purify the blood and remove all impurities as Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

Leucorrhoea.

Or, Whites, which follow local debility and constitutional weakness, can be effectively cured by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

BAD TASTE.

In the mouth in the morning is one of the symptoms of a disordered state of the stomach. It is very apt to be cured by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

Not a Beverage.

Unlike most of the Bitters of the present day, Hooftland's German Bitters is not a beverage. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

A Miserable Life.

Is that of the dyspeptic. Why suffer from indigestion, when you can be cured by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

AN Ounce of Preventative.

Is worth a pound of cure. Fever and Ague can be prevented by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

FOUND.

That after repeated trials of other remedies, Hooftland's German Bitters, Blood Purifier and Tonic, is the best medicine for the cure of indigestion, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

D. L. HOW, Agent.

INDIGESTION.

Is but another name for Dyspepsia, and the patient of many ills. Hooftland's German Bitters is the best medicine for the cure of indigestion, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

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TO VIO.

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Unlike most of the Bitters of the present day, Hooftland's German Bitters is not a beverage. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

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A Miserable Life.

Is that of the dyspeptic. Why suffer from indigestion, when you can be cured by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

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AN Ounce of Preventative.

Is worth a pound of cure. Fever and Ague can be prevented by the use of Hooftland's German Bitters. It is a pure, pleasant and reliable medicine, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

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FOUND.

That after repeated trials of other remedies, Hooftland's German Bitters, Blood Purifier and Tonic, is the best medicine for the cure of indigestion, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

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INDIGESTION.

Is but another name for Dyspepsia, and the patient of many ills. Hooftland's German Bitters is the best medicine for the cure of indigestion, and is well adapted to the use of children as well as adults. Try them.

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HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

TO VIO.

J. B. HUNTSMAN & CO.

Corner of Holmes and First Streets, SHAKOPEE, MINN.

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

Ladies' Dress Goods, &c.

T. J. DUFFY,

Corner Holmes & First Streets, SHAKOPEE, MINN.

DEALER IN

HARD WARE,

TIN-WARE & CUTLERY.

NEW DRUG STORE

IN SHAKOPEE.

EDWARD G. HALLE,

(OPPOSITE GEYERMAN'S STORE.)

Respectfully announces to the citizens of Shakopee and vicinity, that he has just opened a complete stock of

Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Combs, Brushes, Stationery, Lamps, Pure Wines and Liquors and all other articles usually found in a Drug Store.

Petroleum Fluid constantly on hand and for sale.

CHARLES HARKENS

CORNER OF HOLMES AND FIRST STREETS, SHAKOPEE, MINN.

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Ready-made Clothing

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., etc.

The highest market price paid for Wheat, Flax, and all kinds of country produce.

Call and see. I am bound not to be undersold by any firm in the Minnesota Valley.

IN PROBATE COURT.

State of Minnesota.—In the Matter of the Estate of Anton Mitchell, deceased. On and after the 1st day of October, 1885, the amount of debts outstanding against the said Anton Mitchell, deceased, and the amount of debts due to him, shall be paid to the undersigned, who is the executor of the said estate, at his office, in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

At the Probate Office of said County, on the 1st day of October, 1885, the undersigned, J. A. Wilder & Co., have caused to be published in the "Shakopee Argus," a weekly newspaper published at Shakopee, Minn., a notice to the creditors of the said Anton Mitchell, deceased, to present their claims against the said estate, within the time therein specified.

Attest: J. A. WILDER & CO., Attorneys.

Dated at Shakopee the 11th day of September, A.D. 1885.

By the Court, L. H. HAWKINS, Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

County of Scott, ss. The State of Minnesota to Michael Schmidt, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace within and for said county, on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1885, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the town of Belle Plaine in said county, to answer to Nicholas Schmidt in civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you, upon the evidence adduced by said Nicholas Schmidt, for such sum of money as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 2d day of October, 1885.

J. M. SPRAGUE, Justice of the Peace.

ALDRITT'S

Carriage & WAGON SHOP.

Democrat and Scroll Spring Wagons, Farm Wagons, Buggies, Sleighs, &c., manufactured and repaired. Blacksmithing, Shoeing, Repairing and Carriage Painting promptly and satisfactorily done.

Shop on the corner of Second and Lewis Sts., between the residence of T. J. Duffy and the railroad.

JOS. THORNTON,

SPRING LAKE, SCOTT CO., MINN.

DEALER IN

Dry Goods

Groceries,

Boots & Shoes,

Hats & Caps,

Dress Goods,

WAXED NOTIONS,

QUEENSWARE,

CROCKERY,

Cutlery,

SPICES, etc., etc.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the world."

Harper's Magazine

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An Illustrated Weekly Journal of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction.

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## GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

### Washington News.

A dispatch was received in Washington on the 10th, from General Schenck, directing the Secretary of the Congressional Executive Committee to give notice that he and Senator Morgan have decided that it is not necessary to notify a quorum of Congress to meet on the 10th, and that the preceding officer will adjourn the two houses to November 10th.

A Washington telegram of the 10th says: "Reverdy Johnson, our Minister to England, sends a cable dispatch to our Government, making it known that he has signed a protocol with the British Government, regulating the rights of naturalized citizens. No particulars are given, but it is inferred by the administration, from facts heretofore communicated by our Minister, that the contract is similar in feature to Mr. Bancroft's treaty with the German power."

A Washington Associated Press dispatch of the 12th says: "The President to-day through the War Department, issued general orders for the information of army officers, quoting the provisions of the Constitution relative to the election of a President and Vice-President, and the laws relating to the punishment of military and naval officers interfering in such elections. The order is intended in part as a rebuke to General Reynolds, who has issued an order forbidding the citizens of Texas holding an election for electors. It will be recalled that the States of Virginia and Mississippi have not been recognized by Congress in the admission of their Senators and Representatives, and that Congress in July last passed an act in effect precluding the counting of their Electoral votes."

Fractional currency issued for week ending October 10, \$564,000; shipped, \$585,918; destroyed, \$541,100. National Bank notes issued, \$185,730; actual circulation \$390,927,495.

Minister Hale has telegraphed to Washington that, in compliance with instructions, he has recognized the new government at Madrid.

The President has appointed Thursday, Nov. 26, as a day of National Thanksgiving.

General Hooker has been placed on the retired list with full rank of Major General.

Three Senators and eleven Representatives assembled in Congress at Washington on the 10th. The houses were called to order by the presiding officers, and, after prayer, were declared adjourned till the 10th of November.

### Foreign Intelligence.

A London dispatch, October 10, says the preliminaries of a naturalization treaty similar to that recently concluded between North Germany and the United States, have been arranged between Lord Stanley and the American Minister.

The Italian Government has officially recognized the Juarez Government in Mexico.

The leaders of the Junta at Madrid are monarchical in their preferences, but have agreed to accept a Republic if the people so pronounce at an election. The elections for members of the Cortes is fixed for the 15th of November. All the provinces have formally recognized the authority of the Central Provisional Junta in session in Madrid.

A Havana dispatch of the 11th says: "Though people here have been informed of the progress of events in Spain, there have been no political manifestations. No excitement is apparent, and the city and island are quiet."

The United States is the first nation to recognize the new Provisional Government of Spain. The Madrid Gazette of the 12th publishes the text of the official recognition of the new Government, made through Mr. Hale, the American Minister. Captain General Laserna, of Cuba, has given in his adhesion to the new Provisional Government. The Cubans in Spain will be permitted to choose their members of the Junta. The *Genios* newspaper of the 12th publishes a letter from General Prim, which earnestly favors the calling together of the Cortes and formation of a Kingdom at once. It is said that Prim himself aspires to be King. General Dulce has been appointed Captain General of the Island of Cuba.

The cable of 1866 has been repaired, and commenced working on the 13th.

At Blackburn, a market town in the county of Lancaster, and twenty-two miles from Manchester, England, a Lib. procession was attacked on the 10th, by a mob of Tories. Several fights occurred, in which one man was killed and several severely wounded.

The report of the coronation of Gobasez as Emperor of Abyssinia is confirmed. He is supported by the Prince Rasali, but is opposed by the oldest son of the late King Theodore.

The Spanish Junta has seized the property of the Jesuits and abolished the order. Dispatches from Spain, received in London on the 14th, say it is reported that the Bishop of Tarragona, at the head of 2,000 men, has pronounced against the Provisional Junta.

Free schools in Spain have been reopened. The Central Junta have issued a decree declaring that all children born of slaves after the 7th inst. shall be free.

A Havana letter says Santa Anna was ordered to leave the island in consequence of his Mexican complications, a Lib. spy having unveiled all his plots. He was given thirty days to leave, and he is so poor that his friends will have to pay his passage.

A Lima (Peru) letter of September 23 says shocks of earthquake are still felt in Arequipa and Arica, but the cities are so completely ruined that no further damage can be done.

A London telegram, of the 10th, says: "It is understood that the basis agreed to by Johnson and Lord Stanley for the settlement of the Alabama question, is that a mixed commission shall be formed, which will hold its sessions in London, and pass on all claims preferred by English and American citizens."

### The East.

General Sigel has been nominated for Register in New York, by the Radical and Conservative wings of the Republican party.

A base ball match on the 13th, between eight selected from the All England Eleven

cricketers, with Harprow, of the Olympic Club as pinner, and the Athletic Base Ball Club, was won by the Athletics. Score, 38 against 11.

Both Wormald and O'Baldwin were arrested in New York city, on the 10th, as they were about leaving for Briker's Island to engage in their contemplated prize fight.

An alleged counterfeiting establishment, in New York city, was suppressed on the night of the 15th. Two arrests were made, and about \$5,000 in spurious fifty-cent stamps and greenbacks secured.

Mary Cannon, a daughter of John Sagan, of Windsor Locks, Connecticut, was burned to death on the 15th by the explosion of kerosene.

The cases of Charles W. Woolley and Kimberly Brothers vs. Gen. Butler were brought up on the 10th in the Supreme Court, at Baltimore. A motion was entered in each case to vacate the service of the writ. The point issue is the legality of the arrest of the Members of Congress. The case was continued until the 17th.

The remains of Howell Cobb arrived at Savannah, Ga., on the 14th. The Mayor and Aldermen, members of the bar and many citizens received the body at the wharf, and escorted it to the Central Railroad depot, whence a special train carried the remains to Athens, Ga. Flags were flying at half-mast.

A Columbia, S. C., telegram of the 10th says that the sense of the State Democratic Central Executive Club is decidedly in favor of qualified negro suffrage, and that an address to the people would doubtless be issued in a few days.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Georgia on the 10th published a preamble and resolution declaring unequivocally false the representations made by Republican speakers in the present canvass that the Southern people are in favor of the re-establishment of slavery; referring to the ratification of the amendment to the Constitution forever abolishing slavery and involuntary servitude, except for crime; and the address of Robert E. Lee and others in response to the letter from General Rosecrans, and that they acquiesce in the present status of the colored race among them, and will protect them to the full extent of their power in the right of suffrage secured to them by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution and laws of the State.

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The annual period of rest, which we have reached in health and tranquility, and which is crowned with so many blessings, is by universal consent a convenient and suitable one for cultivating personal piety and praising public devotion. I therefore, recommend that Thursday, the 28th day of November next, be set apart and observed by all the people of the United States, as a day for public praise, thanksgiving and prayer to the Almighty Creator and Divine Ruler of the Universe, by whose ever-watchful, merciful and gracious providence alone States and Nations, no live and move and have their being.

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THANKSGIVING.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT. In the year which is now drawing to its end, and the labor of the year is over, the people of the United States have been employed with greater diligence and vigor, and on broader fields, than ever before, and the fruits of their industry have been gathered into the granary and the storehouse in marvelous abundance. Our highways have been lengthened, and new and profitable regions have been occupied. We are permitted to hope that long protracted peace and national concord, at no distant day, to give place to returning harmony and fraternal affection throughout the Republic. Many foreign States have entered into liberal agreements with us, while nations which are far off, and which, heretofore, have been unsocial and exclusive, have become our friends.

The annual period of rest, which we have reached in health and tranquility, and which is crowned with so many blessings, is by universal consent a convenient and suitable one for cultivating personal piety and praising public devotion. I therefore, recommend that Thursday, the 28th day of November next, be set apart and observed by all the people of the United States, as a day for public praise, thanksgiving and prayer to the Almighty Creator and Divine Ruler of the Universe, by whose ever-watchful, merciful and gracious providence alone States and Nations, no live and move and have their being.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, this twelfth day of October, 1866.

[SEAL.] In the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-third.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President: WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sec. of State.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

The public debt is greater now than in March, 1865. The expenditures of the Government are proceeding at the rate of nearly \$100,000,000 per annum.

Look out for the tax-gatherer.

Black Republican hostility to foreign population funds vent in the following from the Iowa Platform, Radical organ: "In God's name let us have no more trucking to the Germans; let the whole herd of devil's swine go down into the sea together."

A year and a half ago, a schooner left Mobile with a hundred and fifty negroes on board, ostensibly for Texas, where these people had been promised

work at high wages. It is now charged by some of the Georgia papers that the schooner went to Cuba instead of Texas, and that the negroes were sold to Cuban planters as slaves. The man who is said to have had charge of the schooner is a leading Radical member of the Alabama Legislature.

The Jacobin party contains something over twenty thousand men who, in the various grades of the party organization, are recognized as "leaders."

In 1860 the aggregate possessions of these men amounted to \$1,027,000. In 1865, their aggregate possessions amount to \$734,660.

The difference is the amount which the support of the party has enabled them to extract from the substance of the people. Is it any wonder that they should desire a continuance of so profitable an occupation as they find the "cause of loyalty" to be?

The Radical platform of 1864, on which Lincoln was nominated for re-election, declared that it is the duty of the armed person to resist the usurper, and to use the National currency.

The Democratic platform of 1868 proposed to "promote the use of the National currency" by paying off the bonds with it.

This proposition the Radical party decries to be repudiation. According to the Radical theory, in 1864, the money was disloyal who ventured to say that greenbacks were not the best of money—in 1868 the man is disloyal who says that greenbacks are as good for bondholders as for plowholders.

If Radical editors desired that the people should really know the condition of our national finances they would hasten to lay before their readers so important a document as that of Mr. Delmar. As the case stands, leading Radical organs, though professing in their abuse of Delmar, have failed to publish his statement.

Radical editors did not place party interest above the public welfare. They would assist the people in arriving at an understanding of the true financial situation. As it is they not only refuse to contribute their aid in that direction, but mystify, garble and conceal as much as possible.

Louisville Journal.

The New York Herald, with more firmness than its Radical contemporaries, says, editorially, in a recent issue: "There is far more truth than poetry in what Mr. Delmar says, and although his estimates are exaggerated, he is in the main far more correct than Atkinson. Allowance must be made for error, but it is obvious that the Treasury is drifting in the direction of ruin."

The West.

The Excelsior Base Ball Club, of Chicago, won the prize of \$300 offered by the Fair Association, at St. Louis, Mo.

The fires in the Oregon mountains are driving the wild beasts into the valleys, where they are committing depredations on stock, and in some instances destroying human life.

The Captain of a coasting vessel reports that while off Coos Bay, Oregon, recently, he encountered smoke so dense that it obstructed his progress one day. Three hundred birds fell dead on the deck of his vessel. The suffocating people of Coos Bay and vicinity could not account for the smoke.

The following are the names of the newly-elected officers of the Illinois Grand Lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows: Grand Master, J. Ward Ellis, Chicago; Deputy Grand Master, J. W. Flood, Gillespie; Grand Secretary, Samuel Willard, Springfield; Grand Treasurer, A. G. Barry, Alton; Grand Representative, J. F. Alexander



















# THE SHAKOPEE ARGUS.

BY HENRY HINDS.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
HORATIO SEYMOUR,  
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
FRANCIS P. BLAIR,  
OF MISSOURI.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.  
ANDREW G. CHAFFIN, of Scott County.  
LEWIS L. JORDAN, of Rice County.  
C. H. LUTHER, of Ramsey County.  
W. W. PHELPS, of Goodhue County.

For Representative in Congress—1st Dist.  
GEORGE W. BATCHELDER,  
OF RICE COUNTY.

## COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY,  
HENRY HINDS.  
FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,  
M. HESS DUNAND.  
FOR REPRESENTATIVE,  
PETER CLEARY.  
FOR SHERIFF,  
CHARLES HARKENS.

## Scott County Democratic Committee.

LEWIS L. JORDAN, Third District, Chairman.  
JAMES KILPATRICK, First District.  
JOHN H. LUTHER, Second District.  
C. H. LUTHER, Third District.  
SHAKOPEE, Aug. 19, 1888.

## Our County Politics.

It is well understood by our readers that there are two Democratic County tickets before the people at this election. The one is the regular Democratic nomination, and the other is composed of bolting office seekers. The bolters, knowing that they had little or no favor with the Democratic party, have been negotiating with two or three leading Republicans for a sale of the Republican vote to the bolters. The bargain and sale in fact was completed, so far as the bolters and two or three leading Republicans could effect the same. The bolters, by the terms of this bargain and sale, undertook to sell the votes of those Democrats who favored the bolter's ticket, to the Republicans in order to elect Henry Hinds, the regular Democratic nominee; and in consideration of this agreement on the part of the bolters, the two or three leading Republicans contracted and agreed to sell the Republican vote to the bolters to elect these office seekers and defeat the regular Democratic ticket.

The mass of the Republican party, however, refused to be sold by two or three of their trading politicians and these bolters and Republican leaders soon discovered that those Democrats who favored the bolter's ticket would not be sold, and would not vote for a Republican for County Attorney, under any circumstances.

A few days ago the agent of the bolters came to Shakopee and endeavored to brow beat several well known and active Republicans into the support of the bolter's ticket according to the terms of the bargain and sale; but this agent returned to Belle Plaine with several good sized fiascos in his car.

We think this effort of the bolting candidates to sell out a Democrat who was admitted was regularly nominated, and elect a republican in his place, is shameful. There can be no thanks to them upon a failure to complete their disgraceful bargain and sale. All thanks, however, will be due to the sterling democracy of the county for the defeat of the schemes of a few trading politicians. Political honesty is a virtue these trading politicians have never enjoyed. They seek their own election by the destruction of all the principles of their own party, but they will meet their own destruction by the very means they have adopted to destroy others.

## REGISTER.

Every voter should see that his own name and the names of his friends are on the poll list. We see that the poll lists of the different towns have been posted. Let Democrats see that no name of no Democrat has been omitted.

## THE JOINT DISCUSSION.

On Monday evening a very large and attentive audience assembled at the Court House to listen to the joint discussion between Mr. Batchelder, Democratic nominee for Congress, and Mr. Wilkinson, the Republican nominee. The hall was crowded with an intelligent audience of ladies and gentlemen of both parties. Mr. Wilkinson spoke first. He is a very forcible and able speaker, and showed conclusively by his own example, how anxious the Republican party are to dodge the great political issues that now divide the country into two great and almost equal parties; for he evaded in his speech all of those issues and occupied his time in a discussion of questions and incidents which the Democratic party does not dispute.

Mr. Batchelder, in a very eloquent speech, exhibited the tactics of Mr. Wilkinson in dodging the great issues of the day. Mr. Batchelder then assigned the Republican party for their repeated and constant violations of our Constitution. He then in a very forcible manner contrasted the principles and policy of the Democratic party, as set forth in their platform, with the acts and deeds of the Republican party.

## HOW TO VOTE ON THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The negro suffrage amendment to the Constitution must be voted on the regular ticket.

The other two amendments must each be torn off the ticket and each voted separately. Voters will be careful to observe these directions. The Democratic tickets have been printed so that the last two amendments can be torn off, and then the two amendments separated from each other and each voted separately.

# SHAKOPEE WEEKLY ARGUS.

VOL. 7.

SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1888.

NO. 41.

## THE SHAKOPEE ARGUS.

The SHAKOPEE ARGUS now has the largest advertising patronage that was ever enjoyed by any paper ever published in Scott County. We have lately received many new advertisements from our most active and prosperous business men. These advertisements, and all others which we publish, have been furnished to us without solicitation on our part. This would seem to indicate the value which our business community places upon the SHAKOPEE ARGUS as an advertising medium. The subscription list of the Argus is gradually increasing in numbers.

We allude to these matters at this time only for the purpose of contrasting the very liberal patronage of our citizens with the stingy support which the Argus receives from our spendthrift county commissioners. At the last meeting of the county commissioners a bill of \$377.25 was ordered to be paid to the St. Paul Pioneer, but not one cent was directed to be paid to the Shakopee Argus. The Argus furnished the county with three thousand assessor blanks, of the value of \$150.00, but our county commissioners do not pay us one cent for them.

We printed for the county three thousand tax notices, worth \$35.00, but the commissioners do not pay us one cent for them. We have published the financial statement including every item of expenditure for the preceding year, worth, according to the rates, \$125.00, but the county commissioners have not paid us one cent for the job. Here we have work which the Shakopee Argus has done for the county to the amount of \$770.00, and for which the county has not paid us a penny. Our county commissioners pay almost every fraudulent claim presented to them, and why do they not pay the poor printer?

The only reason is because last winter the county commissioners, while squandering the public money by the thousands of dollars, wanted to get the county printing done for less than its value, and proposed to let the county printing to the lowest bidder. In order to defeat a paper started to run the Argus out, we offered to do the county printing for nothing. This is their reason, and only reason. The commissioners propose to hold us to our agreement, made under such circumstances, though they have violated their part of the agreement. It is a part of the agreement that we were to have all the printing of the county, but all of the most profitable part of it goes to St. Paul. A St. Paul paper has hundreds of dollars allowed it as a single meeting of the county board, but not one cent for the Argus. We admit that each county officer can procure such printing as he has need for, but we do not think that St. Paul or wherever else he chooses, just seems right that such patronage should be given at home. But whether right or not, the county commissioners contracted and agreed to sell the Republican vote to the bolters to elect these office seekers and defeat the regular Democratic ticket.

The mass of the Republican party, however, refused to be sold by two or three of their trading politicians and these bolters and Republican leaders soon discovered that those Democrats who favored the bolter's ticket would not be sold, and would not vote for a Republican for County Attorney, under any circumstances.

A few days ago the agent of the bolters came to Shakopee and endeavored to brow beat several well known and active Republicans into the support of the bolter's ticket according to the terms of the bargain and sale; but this agent returned to Belle Plaine with several good sized fiascos in his car.

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proposes to abolish the Grand Jury. If this amendment is adopted, the duties of a grand jury would devolve on Justices of the Peace. That is, any person who is accused of crime would have an examination before a magistrate, and if cause was found, he would be sent directly to the District Court for trial, instead of being sent before the grand jury. For our own part we are in favor of the amendment. We think public justice would be served as well without the grand jury as with it, and the accused would have a chance to defend himself and his character, because if he is attacked at all, the attack must be openly made, instead of being made before a secret tribunal. The saving of expense to the county would be great. Indeed we think it is not unreasonable to believe that one half of the expense of our criminal courts might be saved under the proposed amendment, if the law was economically administered. We are therefore in favor of this proposed amendment to our constitution.

## OUR POLITICAL MEETINGS.

The Regular Democratic candidates upon the County ticket have been holding large and enthusiastic meetings in the different towns for a week past. On Saturday last a very large meeting of Democrats was held at the school house near St. Joseph's Church. The crowd was so large that the meeting had to be held in the open air. On the next day an immense meeting was held at Oral. The Democrats of the whole surrounding country were present. On Monday another large meeting was held at Helena, and on Tuesday another was held at the school house in the western part of Helena. On Wednesday, one of the largest meetings ever held in Cedar Lake collected to hear our Democratic speakers. To-day another meeting is being held in Credit River. On Saturday evening the last meeting of the season will be held at Jordan. We have never attended political meetings where the enthusiasm appeared to be greater.

Now let the large and enthusiastic meetings held by the regular Democratic candidates be contrasted with the sickly, dying efforts of the bolters to get up meetings. At Jordan not a single person attended the bolters' meeting. At their appointment in the western part of Helena, not a voter attended. At St. Mary's only five persons attended. At St. Joseph only seven attended. At Glendale only two persons attended the bolters' meeting. At Spring Lake only some six or seven voters were in attendance on their meeting. At Credit River only five voters attended the bolters' meeting. In Cedar Lake the bolters had a large meeting for them, consisting of nine persons. So their efforts to break up the Democratic party of Scott County, meet with no sort of encouragement. The position of the candidates is obnoxious to nine out of ten of the Democratic voters, and some of the candidates themselves are equally obnoxious to the people. We can safely predict the election of the whole of the Regular Democratic ticket by full five hundred majority.

The disgraceful efforts of the bolting candidates to sell their supporters to the Republicans, has caused a majority of the very delegates to the convention that nominated the bolting ticket, to abandon the whole ticket of bolters. At this time, full two-thirds of the delegates to the bolters' convention are supporting the regular Democratic ticket and will vote for all of the regular candidates. This is just as it should be, for when candidates have been fairly nominated they should receive the united support of all Democrats. Political death ought to be the penalty executed upon all bolters.

## NOTICE OF RESOLUTION OF BARRISHERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership in the furniture business between Jordan, Scott County, of GEORGE H. BARRISHER and ROBERT H. BARRISHER, is dissolved by mutual consent. ROBERT H. BARRISHER has sold out to GEORGE H. BARRISHER, who agrees to pay all debts of the firm, and all demands due thereon, and to be paid to him only. GEORGE H. BARRISHER will continue the business at the old stand.

## Assassination of James Hinds, of Arkansas.

The sad and painful news of the assassination of our brother, James Hinds, was received by us on Saturday night last. We have no heart to comment upon the barbarity of so cowardly an act, but will present the facts to our readers as we have them. Saturday night we received a dispatch as follows:

To Henry Hinds, Shakopee, Minnesota.  
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 24, 1888.  
Hon. James Hinds, Member of Congress from the Second District, was assassinated today, while traveling through Monroe, Arkansas. Hon. James H. Brooks, who was with Hinds, was wounded, but is supposed not fatally. James Cooley, an outspoken Republican, was murdered in the same country, near Clarendon, a few days since.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—The Democrat has a special from Little Rock, Arkansas, which says the report of the assassination of Congressman Hinds and the wounding of Hon. J. H. Brooks, is distributed. The dispatch further says, the Radical party defeated both Hinds and Brooks out of a renomination to Congress. Both were disappointed, and after making various attempts to get re-nominated, they were defeated. The committee of the Radical Central Committee of Rice & Co., were capable of doing the Radical party great injury.

The Radical charge, the killing to the Democrats, but the endeavor to fix it on them will be fruitless, as the Democrats had everything to hope from the defection of Brooks and Hinds, which would eventually be disastrous to Radicalism. It was the interest of the Democracy to preserve their lives. It was the interest of Rice & Co. to get them out of the way. If they were killed the Democrats would suffer while the Radicals gain. The death of both disposed of these dangerous malcontents who were making the Democracy suffer while the Radicals gain. The death of both disposed of these dangerous malcontents who were making the Democracy suffer while the Radicals gain.

The statement in the foregoing dispatch that the reported assassination was discredited, gave us no hope, because the statement, and the reasons which followed, were founded upon a misstatement of the political position which he then occupied at Little Rock. He had declined a renomination to Congress and was, as we understand it, supporting the Republican nomination.

On October 24, the Memphis Evening Post published the following sensational statement: "The Republican Congressional ticket in Arkansas is now complete, and that, too, without a division in any of the Districts. The contest in the Second District has been adjusted."

Hon. James Hinds, of Little Rock, who has so ably represented the Second District, in the present Congress, gracefully declined a renomination to Congress, and was, as we understand it, supporting the Republican nomination. On October 24, the Memphis Evening Post published the following sensational statement: "The Republican Congressional ticket in Arkansas is now complete, and that, too, without a division in any of the Districts. The contest in the Second District has been adjusted."

From this we understand that whatever influence he possessed was being used in favor of the Republican nomination, and not against them. "The contest in the Second District" had been happily adjusted. This adjustment of the contest in his District is understood to have been in favor of the elevation of James Hinds to the United States Senate. And the adjustment of a contest upon which the reputation relied for success of the Democratic nominee, is probably what incensed the rebel element and was the prime motive to the assassination.

Governor Layton, of Arkansas, telegraphed to the editor of the Commercial Appeal and Southwestern, of Little Rock, that he was East on a visit—that he was shot while traveling from behind the bushes, and lived only two hours.

The assassination was then a deliberate laying-in-wait for an opportunity—a cold-blooded deliberate murder, executed according to previously arranged plans.

The deceased had resided at St. Peter, in this State, for about ten years, and in 1865 he moved to Little Rock with his family, and engaged in the practice of his profession of the law, which he pursued until he was elected upon the Republican ticket as a Conservative to a seat in Congress—a little less than a year ago. In this State he was known as an uncompromising Union Democrat, and had served in the Union army; and at Little Rock his position was the same except that he favored the Congressional reconstruction policy. His popularity with the people and conservative men of both parties is well shown in the fact that he was elected to Congress by a large majority, and this notwithstanding many radical Republicans belied his nomination.

At the time of his death he was about thirty-seven years of age, and leaves a widow and two small children to mourn his loss. His remains will be taken to his old home in the State of New York for their final resting place.

Witness the Hon. N. M. Donahue, Judge of said Court, at Shakopee, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1888.

## G. BOLLMANN

First Street, Shakopee,

Keeps a large stock of

**Toys**

—AND—

**Yankee**

**NOTIONS,**

DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS,

**Pipes & Tobacco**

**Candies & Nuts.**

Also, a Large Assortment of

**PLAIN AND FANCY CONFECTIONERY.**

His prices are always as low as the state of the market will admit.

**NEW STORE.**

The undersigned having taken the Room formerly occupied by K. J. Brown, will sell and constantly on hand a well selected assortment of

**FAMILY GROCERIES,**

CONFECTIONERY,

FRUITS,

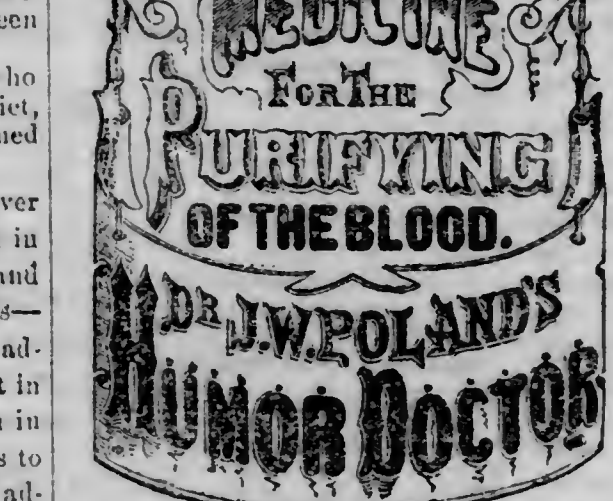
REFRESHMENTS, &c.

A large stock of

**APPLES,**

By the Barrel and Retail, at the lowest prices possible.

J. E. SPENCER.



A Positive Remedy for all

Scrofula, Scurvy, Salt-Rheum, Carbuncles and Boils, Ulcers and all obnoxious Affections of the Skin, and all Chronic Rheumatism, Piles, Chronic Diarrhea, Mercurial Diseases, and every kind of the System; Dyspepsia, and those Affections originating in the Derangement of the Digestive Organs; viz., Bilious Complaints, Neuralgia, and Nervous Affections, Headache, Languor, and Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, Constipation.

This excellent medicinal compound was first prepared by Dr. J. W. POLAND, in 1847, and was then employed with great success in expelling humors from the blood; but in 1848 a medical friend who was celebrated as a physician, especially in the treatment of humors, suggested some important improvements, which were adopted, and which has made it (so the people say) the very best remedy for all kinds of humors known to the faculty.

This preparation is composed entirely of vegetables, among which are: Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Noble Elm, Mandarin, and Bloodroot. When the original lived in New Hampshire, at Goffstown Centre, for the space of thirty or forty miles around, and in Manchester particularly, the humor he used was well known and highly valued for the numerous and wonderful cures which it effected. Though manufactured in large quantities, the supply was frequently exhausted, and purchasers had to wait for more to be made. In this region, from very severe cases of Erysipelas were treated with it, and they were cured! Erysipelas, sores, or carbuncles, — those ugly, painful ulcers, — were entirely removed wherever this medicine was faithfully used. So it was with Scrofula and Salt-Rheum. The Humor Doctor cured them. It is free from any dangerous drugs, is pleasant to the taste, safe, yet sure and effective in its action.

PREPARED AT THE

**NEW-ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT,**

And for sale by all Dealers in Medicine.

**C. DAXON & CO., Proprietors.**

D. J. HOW, Agent, Shakopee.

NOYES, PETT & CO., Wholesale Agents, St. Paul.

**Fresh Oysters,**

**HOT TEA AND COFFEE,**

WITH

**Warm Lunch,**

Served up at all hours, at the

**RESTAURANT**

of JACOB RIES, First Street, Shakopee.

Also, the best Wines and Liquors are found at this Bar.

Shakopee, Oct. 1, 1888.

## John McMullen.

First and

**G. BOLLMANN**

First Street, Shakopee,

Keeps a large stock of

**Toys**

—AND—

**Yankee**

**NOTIONS,**

DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS,

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**GROCERY STORE,**

D. M. STORER, Proprietor.

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, Wooden Ware, Yankee Notions, &c. &c.

always on hand and for sale as cheap as the

**CHEAPEST.** Give me a call.

June 17, 1888.

**P. Geyermann,**

Shakopee, ..... Minn.

—DEALER IN—

**DRY GOODS,**

**GROCERIES**

**BOOTS & SHOES,**

**Hats and Caps,**

**Dress Goods,**

**YANKEE NOTIONS,**

**Queensware,**

**CROCKERY,**

**CUTLERY,**

**SPICES,**

etc. etc. etc.

**F. X. HIRSCHER**

CABINET MAKER

AND DEALER IN

**FURNITURE,**

Holmes St., (near the Levee),

Shakopee, ..... Minn.

## JACOB HOFFERT.

JORDAN, MINNESOTA,

Dealer in

**Saddlery Hardware,**

**Horse Collars,**

**FLY NETS,**

**CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,**

**LEATHER.**

&c., &c., &c.

**ERIE RAILWAY.**

THE BROAD GAUGE-DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

**NEW YORK, BOSTON**

And New England Cities.

THE RAILWAY EXTENDS FROM

Dunkirk to New York, 400 Miles.

Buffalo to New York, 483 Miles.

Salamancha to New York, 415 Miles.

22 to 27 Miles the Shortest Route.

All Trains run directly through in New York, 400 Miles without change of coaches.

From and after MAY 11th, 1888, Trains will leave in connection with all Western lines, as follows:

FROM DUNKIRK AND SALAMANCHA—By New York Time from Dunkirk.

7:30 A. M. EXPRESS MAIL, from Dunkirk, (Sundays excepted). Stops at Salamancha 10:00 A. M., and connects at Dunkirk with the 12:00 P. M. train for Buffalo, and at New York with the 1:00 P. M. train for New York City.

3:30 P. M. LIGHTNING EXPRESS, from Dunkirk, (Sundays excepted). Stops at Salamancha 10:00 A. M., and connects at Dunkirk with the 12:00 P. M. train for Buffalo, and at New York with the 1:00 P. M. train for New York City



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FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,  
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FOR REPRESENTATIVE,  
FRED CLARY.

FOR SENATOR,  
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JOHN KILPATRICK, Seventh District.  
JOHN KILPATRICK, Eighth District.  
JOHN KILPATRICK, Ninth District.  
JOHN KILPATRICK, Tenth District.

## Our County Politics.

It is well understood by our readers that there are two Democratic County tickets before the people at this election. The one is the regular Democratic nomination, and the other is composed of bolting office seekers. The bolters, knowing that they had little or no favor with the Democratic party, have been negotiating with two or three leading Republicans for a sale of the Republican vote to the bolters. The bargain and sale in fact was completed, so far as the bolters and two or three leading Republicans could effect the same. The bolters, by the terms of this bargain and sale, undertook to sell the votes of those Democrats who favored the bolter's ticket, to the Republicans in order to defeat Henry Hinds, the regular Democratic nominee; and in consideration of this agreement on the part of the bolters, the two or three leading Republicans contracted and agreed to sell the Republican vote to the bolters to elect these office seekers and defeat the regular Democratic ticket.

The mass of the Republican party, however, refused to be sold by two or three of their trading politicians, and these bolters and Republican leaders soon discovered that those Democrats who favored the bolter's ticket would not be sold, and would not vote for a Republican for County Attorney, under any circumstances.

A few days ago the agent of the bolters came to Shakopee and endeavored to brow beat several well known Democrats into the support of the bolter's ticket, according to the terms of the bargain and sale; but this agent returned to Belle Plaine with several good sized fleas in his ear.

We think this effort of the bolting candidates to sell and defame a democrat whom they admit was regularly nominated, and elect a republican in his place, is shameful. There can be no thanks to them upon a failure to complete their disgraceful bargain and sale. All thanks, however, will be due to the sterling democracy of the county for the defeat of the schemes of a few trading politicians. Political honesty is a virtue these trading politicians have never enjoyed. They seek their own election by the destruction of all principles of their own party, but they will meet their own destruction by the very means they have adapted to destroy others.

## REGISTER.

Every voter should see that his own name and the names of his friends are on the poll list. We see that the poll lists of the different towns have been posted up. Let Democrats see that no name of no Democrat has been omitted.

## THE JOINT DISCUSSION.

On Monday evening a very large and attentive audience assembled at the Court House to listen to the joint discussion between Mr. Bachelder, Democratic nominee for Congress, and Mr. Wilkinson, the Republican nominee. The hall was crowded with an intelligent audience of ladies and gentlemen of both parties. Mr. Wilkinson spoke first. He is a very forcible and able speaker, and showed conclusively by his own example, how anxious the Republican party are to dodge the great political issues that now divide the country into two great and almost equal parties; for he evaded in his speech all of these issues and occupied his time in a discussion of questions and incidents which the Democratic party does not dispute.

Mr. Bachelder, in a very eloquent speech, exhibited the tactics of Mr. Wilkinson in dodging the great issues of the day. Mr. Bachelder then arraigned the Republican party for their repeated and constant violations of our Constitution. He then in a very forcible manner contrasted the principles and policy of the Democratic party, as set forth in their platform, with the acts and deeds of the Republican party.

## HOW TO VOTE ON THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The negro suffrage amendment to the Constitution must be voted on the regular ticket. The other two amendments must each be torn off the ticket and each voted separately. Voters will be careful to observe these directions. The Democratic tickets have been printed so that the last two amendments can be torn off, and then the two amendments separated from each other and each voted separately.

# SHAKOPEE WEEKLY ARGUS.

VOL. 7.

SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1868.

NO. 41.

## THE SHAKOPEE ARGUS.

The SHAKOPEE ARGUS now has the largest advertising patronage that was ever enjoyed by any paper ever published in Scott County. We have lately received many new advertisements from our most active and prosperous business men. These advertisements, and all others which we publish, have been furnished to us without consideration on our part. This would seem to indicate the value which our business community places upon the SHAKOPEE ARGUS as an advertising medium. The subscription list of the ARGUS is gradually increasing in numbers.

We allude to these matters at this time only for the purpose of contrasting the very liberal patronage of our citizens with the stingy support which the ARGUS receives from our spendthrift county commissioners. At the last meeting of the county commissioners a bill of \$27.25 was ordered to be paid to the St. Paul Pioneer, but not one cent was directed to be paid to the SHAKOPEE ARGUS. The ARGUS furnished the county with three thousand assessor blanks of the value of \$150.00, but our county commissioners do not pay us one cent for them.

We published their official proceedings one year, worth \$160.00, but the county commissioners do not pay us one cent for it.

We have published the financial statement including every item of expenditure for the preceding year, worth, according to the rates, \$125.00, but the county commissioners have not paid us one cent for the job. Here we have worked which the SHAKOPEE ARGUS has done for the county to the amount of \$750.00, and for which the county has not paid us a penny. Our county commissioners pay almost every fraudulent claim presented to them, and why do they not pay the poor printer? The only reason is because last winter the commissioners, while squandering the public money by the thousands of dollars, wanted to get the county printing done for less than its value, and proposed to let the county printing to the lowest bidder. In order to defeat a paper started to run the ARGUS out, we offered to do the county printing for nothing. This is the reason, and only reason. The commissioners propose to hold us to our agreement, made under such circumstances, though they have violated their part of the agreement. It was a part of the agreement that we were to have all the printing of the county, but all of the most profitable part of it goes to St. Paul. A St. Paul paper has hundreds of dollars allowed it at a single meeting of the county board, but not one cent for the ARGUS. We admit that each county officer can procure such printing as the law requires him to have done, at St. Paul or wherever else he chooses, yet it seems right that such patronage should be given at home, whether right or not, the county commissioners contracted that we should have it for this year at fair and reasonable prices. But they have violated the contract after the first of January the county commissioners, and each county officer can go to St. Paul or wherever else they can get their printing done the cheapest, because our contract ends with the present year.

For the publication of the tax list and financial statement, the law fixes the rate to be paid to the printer, and he cannot receive any more, and ought not to receive any less. The rest of the printing, which the law requires to be done, can be procured wherever it can be had the cheapest. The ARGUS has no legal claims after this year upon any county printing, yet we have saved the bolting politicians going about the county proclaiming that the editor of the ARGUS is elected County Attorney, he would charge the county unreasonable prices for printing. The sephens ought to have known that the county has a right to contract for its printing where it can be done the cheapest; and as an example of their exercising that right, the commissioners did contract with us to do a large part of the county printing for this year for nothing. No, the true reason why the bolting politicians dread to have Mr. Hinds elected County Attorney is, because they fear he will have themselves and two or three of the county commissioners indicted and punished for their misdeeds in the past, and prevent them from stealing from our tax-payers in the future.

## The Constitutional Amendments.

By the action of our Legislature last winter, three separate constitutional amendments were submitted to the people for their approval or rejection. The amendment in favor of negro suffrage has been twice acted on by the people in the last two years, and rejected both times; yet our legislature has again forced it upon the attention of the people. We presume all democrats will again vote NO upon this question, and also all of the more sensible republicans. The question is well understood and needs no explanation from us.

The State is the owner of 500,000 acres of Internal Improvement Lands. These are the lands which the legislature last year undertook to use in payment of the bogus railroad bonds. A proposed amendment to the constitution has been submitted to the people providing that these lands shall not be disposed of by the legislature without first submitting the act to the people for their approval. If this amendment stopped here it would be well enough, but there is a proviso to the amendment which provides that the legislature may sell these lands for cash and invest the proceeds in State securities. The real object of the amendment is to enable the legislature to sell the land, get the money and then invest the same in these bogus railroad bonds. This is the trickery of our republican legislature, aided by the knavery of railroad bond democrats. If it were not for the proviso to the amendment we would be glad to have the amendment adopted, as it would then be out of the power of the legislature to fool this land away by granting it to railroad corporations. The real intention of the part of those who got up this amendment, is to sell these lands and dispose of the proceeds of the sale in part payment of these bogus railroad bonds.

The third amendment to our constitution

proposes to abolish the Grand Jury. If this amendment is adopted, the duties of a grand jury would devolve on Justices of the Peace. That is, any person who is accused of crime would have an examination before a magistrate, and if cause was found, he would be sent directly to the District Court for trial, instead of being sent before the grand jury. For our own part we are in favor of the amendment. We think public justice would be served as well without the grand jury as with it, and the accused would have a chance to defend himself and his character, because if he is attacked at all, the attack must be openly made, instead of being made before a secret tribunal. The saving of expense to the county would be great. Indeed we think it is not unreasonable to believe that one half of the expense of our criminal courts might be saved under the proposed amendment, if the law was economically administered. We are therefore in favor of this proposed amendment to our constitution.

## OUR POLITICAL MEETINGS.

The Regular Democratic candidates upon the County ticket have been holding large and enthusiastic meetings in the different towns for a week past. On Saturday last a very large meeting of Democrats was held at the school house near St. Joseph's Church. The crowd was so large that the meeting had to be held in the open air. On the next day an immense meeting was held at Oral. The Democrats of the whole surrounding country were present. On Monday another large meeting was held at Helena, and on Tuesday another was held at the school house in the western part of Helena. On Wednesday, one of the largest meetings ever held in Cedar Lake collected to hear our Democratic speakers. To-day another meeting is being held in Credit River. On Saturday evening the last meeting of the season will be held at Jordan. We have never attended political meetings where the enthusiasm appeared to be greater.

Now let the large and enthusiastic meetings held by the regular Democratic candidates be contrasted with the sickly, dying efforts of the bolters to get up meetings. At Jordan not a single person attended the bolter's meeting. At their appointment in the western part of Helena, not a voter attended. At St. Mary's only five persons attended. At St. Joseph only seven attended. At Glendale only two persons attended the bolter's meeting. At Spring Lake only some six or seven voters were in attendance on their meeting. At Credit River only five voters attended the bolter's meeting. In Cedar Lake the bolters had a large meeting for them, consisting of nine persons. So their efforts to break up the Democratic party of Scott County, meet with no sort of encouragement. The position of the candidates is obnoxious to nine out of ten of the Democratic voters, and some of the candidates themselves are equally obnoxious to the people. We can safely predict the election of the whole of the Regular Democratic ticket by full five hundred majority.

The disgraceful efforts of the bolting candidates to sell their supporters to the Republicans, has caused a majority of the very delegates to the convention that nominated the bolting ticket, to abandon the whole ticket of bolters. At this time, full two-thirds of the delegates to the bolter's convention are supporting the regular Democratic ticket and will vote for all of the regular candidates. This is just as it should be, for when candidates have been fairly nominated they should receive the united support of all Democrats. Political death ought to be the penalty executed upon all bolters.

## NOTICE OF RESOLUTION OF PARTISANSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the corporation of the Farmers' Business at Jordan, Scott County, of GEORGE & ROSEHEIMER, is dissolved by mutual consent. Roseheimer has sold all of the stock, and agrees to pay all debts of the firm, and all demands due the firm, as he paid to him only. GEORGE & ROSEHEIMER, Dated Oct. 23, 1868.

## Assassination of James Hinds, of Arkansas.

The sad and painful news of the assassination of our brother, James Hinds, was received by us on Saturday night last. We have no heart to comment upon the barbarity of so cowardly an act, but will present the facts to our readers as we have them. Saturday night we received a dispatch as follows:

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—The Democrat has a special from Little Rock, Arkansas, as follows: "Hon. James Hinds, Member of Congress from the Second District, was assassinated today, while traveling through Arkansas, at Helena. He was shot by a man who was with him, and was wounded, but it is supposed not fatally. James Cooley, an outcasted Republican, was murdered in the same country, near Helena, a few days since."

## A COFFERHEAD ACCOUNT.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—The Republican has a special from Little Rock, Arkansas, which says the report of the assassination of Congressman Hinds and the wounding of Hon. J. H. Brooks, is distorted. The dispatch further says, the Radical party defamed both Hinds and Brooks out of a renomination of Hinds and Brooks, and were capable of doing the Radical party great injury. The Radicals charge the killing to the Democrats, but the endeavor to fix it on them will be fruitless, as the Democrats had everything to hope from the defection of Brooks and Hinds, which would eventually be disastrous to Radicalism. It was the interest of the Democracy to preserve their interest, and the interest of the Radicals to destroy them. The death of both disposed of these dangerous malcontents who were most influential with the negroes and brings the negroes completely under the control of the Radical ring.

The statement in the foregoing dispatch that the reported assassination was discredited, gave us no hope, because the statement was a distortion of the facts. The Radicals had a mistaken notion of the position which he then occupied at Little Rock. He had declined a renomination to Congress and was, as we understand it, supporting the Republican nomination. On October 3d, the Memphis Evening Post published the following statement:

"The Republican Congressional ticket in Arkansas is now complete, and that, too, without a division in any of the Districts. The contest in the Second District has been happily adjusted."

Hon. James Hinds, of Little Rock, who has so ably represented the Second District, has just presented Congress, gracefully declining a renomination."

From this we understand that whatever influence he possessed was being used in favor of the Republican nominations, and not against them. "The contest in the Second District—had been happily adjusted." This adjustment of the contest in his District is understood to have been in favor of the elevation of James Hinds to the United States Senate. And this adjustment of a contest upon which the rebel population relied for success of the Democratic nomination, is probably what incensed the rebel element and was the prime motive to the assassination.

Governor Clayton, of Arkansas, telegraphed to the widow of the deceased—who was East on a visit—that he was shot while traveling from behind the bushes, and lived only two hours.

The assassination was then a deliberate laying-in wait for an opportunity—a cold-blooded, deliberate murder, executed according to previously arranged plans. The deceased had resided at St. Peter, in this State, for about ten years, and in 1865 he moved to Little Rock with his family, and was then engaged in the practice of his profession of the law, which he pursued until he was elected upon the Republican ticket as a Conservative to a seat in Congress—his term was that of a year. In this State he was known as an uncompromising Union Democrat, and had served in the Union army and at Little Rock his position was the same except that he served the Congressional reconstruction policy. His popularity with the people and conservative men of both parties is well shown in the fact that he was elected to Congress by over ten thousand majority, and this notwithstanding many radical Republicans belied his nomination.

At the time of his death he was about thirty-seven years of age, and leaves a widow and two small children to mourn his loss. His remains will be taken to his old home in the State of New York for their final resting place.

## G. BOLLMANN

First Street, Shakopee,

Keeps a large stock of

Yankee

NOTIONS,

DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS,

Pipes & Tobacco

Candies & Nuts.

Also a Large Assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY

CONFECTIONERY.

The prices are always as low as the state of the market will permit.

NEW STORE.

The undersigned having taken the Room

formerly occupied by E. J. Brown, will try and keep constantly on hand a well selected assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

CONFECTIONERY,

FRUITS, NUTS,

REFRESHMENTS, &c.

A large stock of

APPLES,

By the barrel and retail, at the lowest prices possible.

J. E. SPENCER.

105-106.

INVALUABLE

MEDICINE

FOR THE

PURIFYING

OF THE BLOOD.

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

HUMOR DOCTOR

A Positive Remedy for all

Scrofula, Scurvy, Salt-Rheum, Carbuncles, Boils, and all

Affections of the Skin, Inflammatory

or Chronic Rheumatism, Piles, Chronic

Diarrhea, Mercurial Diseases, and every

taint of the System; Dyspepsia, and those

Affections originating in the Derangement

of the Digestive Organs; viz., Bilious

Complaints, Neuralgia, and Nervous Affections, Headache, Langor, and Depression

of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, Constipation.

This excellent medicinal compound was first

prepared by Dr. J. W. POLAND, in 1847,

and was then employed with great success in

expelling humors from the blood; but in 1854 a

medical friend who was quite celebrated as a physician,

especially in the treatment of humors, suggested

some important improvements, which were

adopted, and which has made it (so the people say)

the very best remedy for all kinds of humors known

to the faculty.

This preparation is composed entirely of vegetables,

among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock,

Scallops, and many others, and is a

medical friend who was quite celebrated as a physician,

especially in the treatment of humors, suggested

some important improvements, which were

adopted, and which has made it (so the people say)

the very best remedy for all kinds of humors known

to the faculty.

PREPARED AT THE

NEW-ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT,

And for sale by all Dealers in Medicine.

G. DAIEN & CO., Proprietors.

NOYES, BETT & CO., Wholesale Agents, St. Paul.

D. J. HOW, Agent, Shakopee.

Fresh Oysters,

HOT TEA AND COFFEE,

WITH

Warm Lunch,

Served up at all hours, at the

RESTAURANT

of JACOB RIES, First Street, Shakopee.

Also, the best Wines and Liquors are

on hand at this place.

Shakopee, Oct. 1, 1868.

## John McMullen.

First and

Second

Streets,

SHAKOPEE, MINN.,

DEALER IN—

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

CUTLERY,

TIN WARE

Sheet-Iron.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed.

John Schwartz,

MERCHANT

TAILOR, &

First Street,

Shakopee, Minn.

A New and Splendid Stock of

CLOTHING, & GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS

FALL & WINTER STYLES.

Clothing made to Order. On

Shakopee, May 11, 1868.

Give me a call.

CHEAPEST.

June 17, 1868.

P. Geyermann,

Shakopee, Minn.

DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES

BOOTS & SHOES,

Hats and Caps,

Dress Goods,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

Queensware,

CROCKERY,

CUTLERY,

SPICES,

etc. etc. etc.

F. X. HIRSCHER,

CABINET MAKER

AND DEALER IN—

FURNITURE,

Holmes St., (near the Depot),

Shakopee, Minn.

"The most complete establishment in the Valley."

All kinds of Furniture, from the finest

to the cheapest, on hand and made to order.

Particular attention paid to the

work of the milliner.

COFFINS

Of all sizes, and the latest styles, always on

hand. Particular attention paid to the

work of the milliner.

Shakopee, Oct. 1, 1868.

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